

## Interjections Worksheet

Interjections are one of the eight **parts of speech**. The other seven include nouns, pronouns, verbs, prepositions, adjectives, adverbs, and conjunctions. **Interjections are used to show emotions in a sentence such as happiness, sadness, excitement, anger, disgust, horror or shock.**

Interjections have no grammatical connection to the rest of the sentence. They are simply thrown into or interjected into the sentence.

**Interjections** are often found at the beginning of the sentence; however, they can technically be anywhere in the sentence, including the middle and the end. Sometimes the interjection, if very strong, will be followed by an **exclamation mark** and then the first word following it will start with a capital letter. Other times, the interjection will not be so strong and thus it will be followed by a **comma** and the next word would not be capitalized.

Here are some examples of sentences with interjections:

- **Ouch!** I was just stung by a bee. (Ouch is the interjection.)
- **Hey**, bring that back here. (Hey is the interjection.)
- What do you mean that you can't visit, **huh?** (Huh is the interjection.)
- I'm just a kid, **gee whiz**, not a professional athlete. (Gee whiz is the interjection.)

**Part I:** In the following sentences, identify the interjection and circle it.

1. Hi, I'm glad that you could make it to my party.
2. Wow! You look great tonight.
3. That was the best performance that I have ever seen, bravo!
4. I can't believe you broke my favorite toy, bah.
5. Hmm, I wonder where I put my keys and wallet?
6. Miners used to shout, eureka, when they struck gold.
7. "Shoo!" shouted the woman when she saw the cat licking milk from her cereal bowl.
8. I guess that's the end of the movie, darn.
9. Stop! You should always wear a helmet when riding a bike.
10. Yippee, I made this picture all by myself.

**Part II:** In the following sentences, write an appropriate interjection in the space provided.

1. \_\_\_\_\_, why didn't you hold the door for me?
2. \_\_\_\_\_, I'm so happy that you decided to visit this summer.
3. \_\_\_\_\_, it's not every day that you see a dog riding a skateboard.
4. \_\_\_\_\_! How can you possibly agree with that point of view?
5. He just cost us the game with that error, \_\_\_\_\_!
6. \_\_\_\_\_! You just gave me a great idea.
7. \_\_\_\_\_, that's a very large dog at the end of that leash.
8. I can't believe that I finally got an A on a project, \_\_\_\_\_!
9. \_\_\_\_\_, my favorite author is doing a reading at the local library.
10. This is my first new car, \_\_\_\_\_.

**Part III:** Answer the following questions on the lines provided.

1. Name the part of speech that often begins a sentence with a shout and is followed by an exclamation point.

\_\_\_\_\_

2. Name two emotions this part of speech might express.

\_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

3. When we want to show strong emotion with an interjection, what punctuation mark should we use? \_\_\_\_\_

4. When we want to show quieter emotion with an interjection, what punctuation mark should we use? \_\_\_\_\_

**Part IV:** Write two original sentences using two different interjections.

1. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_